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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/076,340	02/14/2002	Deanna Lynn Quigg Brown	AUS920010897US1	1998
7590 03/15/2006			EXAMINER	
Mr. Volel Emile			WONG, BLANCHE	
P.O. Box 202170 Austin, TX 78720-2170			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2667	
			DATE MAILED: 03/15/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/076,340	QUIGG BROWN ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Blanche Wong	2667	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 Fee     This action is FINAL. 2b) ☑ This     Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro		
Disposition of Claims			
4) □ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) □ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct and the correct and the correct are considered to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the d drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Sec ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents  2. Certified copies of the priority documents  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:		

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Specification

1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

On p. 9, host bus adapter is referenced 401 in line 29 and 410 in line 32.

On p. 13, ln. 5, -- identification field is included – should be "identification field that is included".

Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

3. Claims 3-5,8-10,13-15,18-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 3, line 1, whether – the network connections – is the same as – a plurality of network connections – in claim 2, In. 1-2. Similar error found in claims 8,13 and 18.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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5. Claims 1-4,6-9,11-14,16-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Duncanson (U.S. Pat No. 5,231,649) in view of Jain et al. (Pub No. US2003/0081582 A1).

With regard to claims 1,6,11,16, Duncanson discloses

determining whether the number of packets exceeds a threshold number (the amount of the bandwidth of the channel, col. 2, ln. 60; see also a value stored in the memory 58, col. 4, ln. 18); and

transmitting the packets in parallel (a plurality of communication N channels, col. 3, ln. 1), if the number of packets exceeds the threshold number (the number of channels is changed in response to the amount of non-data characters in the digital stream, col. 4, ln. 36-39), each packet having an indicium for properly reconstructing the data by the target system (an RX control unit 14 receives digital data ... reassembled into a single stream of digital data, col. 3, ln. 21-23).

However, Duncanson fails to explicitly show how the reconstructing of the data by the target system is done.

In an analogous art, Jain disclose each packet having an indicium (sequence IDs, para. [0118]) for properly reconstructing the data by the target system.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to include an indicium per packet for properly reconstructing the data by the target system. The suggestion/motivation for doing so would have been to provide for transferring IP packets by aggregating multiple communication channels, and thus maximizing data rate. Jain, para. [0011]. Therefore, it would have been obvious to

combine Jain with Duncanson for the benefit of transferring IP packets by aggregating multiple communication channels, and thus maximizing data rate, to obtain the invention as specified in claims 1,6,11,16.

With regard to claims 2,7,12,17, the combination of Duncanson and Jain discloses the method of claim 1. Duncanson further discloses a plurality of network connections are established to transfer the packets in parallel (a plurality of communication N channels, col. 3, ln. 1).

With regard to claims 3,8,13,18, the combination of Duncanson and Jain discloses the method of claim 2. However, Duncanson fails to explicitly show the network connections are TCP/IP connections.

In an analogous art, Jain discloses the network connections are TCP/IP connections (link layer protocol, para. [0116], transport layer protocol, para. [0117], IP packets, para. [0120]; see also Internet, para. [0111]).

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to include network connections that are TCP/IP connections. The suggestion/motivation for doing so would have been to provide for transferring IP packets by aggregating multiple communication channels, and thus maximizing data rate. Jain, para. [0011]. Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Jain with Duncanson for the benefit of transferring IP packets by aggregating multiple communication channels, and thus maximizing data rate, to obtain the invention as specified in claims 3,8,13,18.

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With regard to claims 4,9,14,19, the combination of Duncanson and Jain discloses the method of claim 3. However, Duncanson fails to explicitly show each packet has an IP header, said IP header having an IP identification field.

In an analogous art, Jain discloses IP packet (para. [0120]). It is inherent in Jain's IP packets that each IP packet has IP header and IP headers are some IP identification field.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to IP packets. The suggestion/motivation for doing so would have been to provide for operate an IP environment where transferring IP packets by aggregating multiple communication channels, and thus maximizing data rate. Jain, para. [0011]. Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Jain with Duncanson for the benefit of an IP environment, to obtain the invention as specified in claims 4,9,14,19.

With regard to claim 6, Duncanson further discloses computer program product or code (it would have been obvious that there is some computer program product or code executed by a microprocessor, col. 4, ln. 18).

### Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 5,10,15,20 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, 2nd paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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#### Conclusion

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7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Blanche Wong whose telephone number is 571-272-3177. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 830am to 530pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chi H. Pham can be reached on 571-272-3179. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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February 25, 2006

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